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Madrid, November 11.

THE Duke *d'Ossuna* does still continue in the Monastery of the Carmelites, into which we told you he was retired, and has written several papers in his own Justification, which have not at all allayed the King's anger against him: His Estate is sequestred; and the Employments he had at Court are disposed of; that of Master of the Horse to the Queen, being given to the Marquis *de los Velez*, late Vice-Roy of *Naples*. On the second Instant, the Almirante of *Castille*, resigned his place of Master of the Horse to the King, which his Majesty has given to the Duke *de Medina Celi*, having very well recompenced the Almirante for parting with it. The King completing the 6th Instant, his 22. year, his Majesty received the Complements of the whole Court: On the 9th he went on Horse-back from the Palace to *Atocha*, accompanied with many of the Nobility, where *Te Deum* was sung for the relief of *Vienna*, and the happy successes of the Christian Army against the Turks. The day before Count *Mansfelt*, the Emperor's Ambassador (who has been here since *April* last) made his publick Entry on Horse-back, having a numerous Train, and four very rich Coaches. Yesterday his Catholick Majesty went to the *Escurial* to pass 4 or 5 days there. They write from *Cadiz* of the 31. past, that the English Frigats had destroyed a *Sally* man of 14 Guns and 8 Pedrero's, and burnt a Brigantine belonging to those Pyrates. That the *Hambrough* Convoy, a Ship of 60 Guns riding in that Port, was unfortunately burnt by the carelesness of a Boy, and that the Captain and about 30 men perished in her.

Venice, November 6. We have an account from *Dalmatia*, that the Morlaques being got together to the number of 800 or 1000 men, have made an Incursion into the Turkish Territories, and plundered and burnt several places: That the General of *Dalmatia* having sent an Officer to them to command them to desist from those kind of Enterprises, They did not at all hearken to him, being encouraged with the success they have already had, and the advantages they promise themselves from the great consternation as well as discontent that is among the Turks; that their numbers encreased daily, and that it was said they would desire of this Senate a Chief to command them, and if their request was not granted, that they would address themselves to the Emperor. The Sieur *Talenti*, Secretary to the King of *Poland*, is still here; He had some days agone an Audience of the Senate, whom we are told he very much pressed to enter into the League between the Emperor and the King of *Poland*, against the Turks.

Venice, Nov. 13. We have Letters from *Constantinople*, of the 9th of the last Month, which tell us, that the Turks were so vainly confident of the success of their Arms against *Vienna*, that they had made great preparations to express a publick Joy for the taking of that Imperial City, which they expected every day to receive the news of: but when instead thereof they heard that the Siege was raised, and their Army defeated; the Shops were shut up, and the Turks, as well the Chief men as the meaner sort, demonstrated by their looks and behaviour, the trouble and consternation they were in; None dare speak their thoughts, or even lament the death of their Friends or Relations, and some that did, paid for it with their lives. The Letters add, that the Grand Signior had sent very strict orders to all places for the furnishing of men and Provisions, against the next Spring. From *Dalmatia* they write, That the *Morlaques* are now above 6000 strong; that they continue to ravage the Turkish Territories; that they have taken *Zicca*, *Cettina* which stands near the *Lake* on the Frontiers of *Bossina*, *Clivo*, *Verno*, and several other places; That the People of *Albania*, invited with the success of the *Morlaques*, have likewise taken Arms, and have driven the Turks out of *Scutari* and *Antivari*; and that in *Macedonia* there is likewise a great disposition to a Revolt.

Vienna, Nov. 4. The Letters from *Hungary* give us an account that the Magistrates and Inhabitants of *Caschaw* had declared, that they would not suffer Count *Tekely*, or any of his Troops, to enter into their Town, and that they have sent Deputies to the Duke of *Lorrain* to submit themselves to the Emperor. That the King of *Poland* had absolutely rejected the propositions which Count *Teckely* had made to him by his Deputies, who were gone back with this answer from the King, That if Count *Teckely* do not immediately turn his Arms against the Turks, he must not expect a Pardon from the Emperor. That the Duke of *Lorrain* having sent a strong Party towards *Buda*, under the Command of Prince *Lewis de Baden*, they had possessed themselves of the Castle of *Sondoke*, situate between that City and *Stoel-Weissenburg*: and that a detachement of the Troops that Block up *Canisia*, had taken several other Castles, and had put Garrisons into them. From *Leopol* in *Poland* we have advice, that a considerable Body of *Poles* had taken the Field on that side, and that they had attacked and made themselves Masters of a very strong Castle in *Podolia*, called *Narvoral*, and put 200 Turks that were in it to the Sword.

Linz, November 16. The 10th Instant arrived here an Express with Letters from the Duke of *Lorrain*, concerning the repartition of the Winter-quarters, who was sent back the next day with great diligence. Twenty Imperial Regiments are to winter in *Hungary* on this side the *Tibisque* (the Poles having their quarters on the other side of that River) and the rest in the Emperor's Hereditary Countries. The 14. arrived here the Elector of *Bavaria*, whose Troops are to winter in *Moravia*, and in a day or two his Electoral Highness will part again from hence in his return to *Munich*, having it's said promised the Emperor to assist him the next year against the Turks with an Army of 10000 men. The 5th Instant the King of *Poland* and the Duke of *Lorrain*, having had a long Conference together, took their leave of each other, after which the King continued his march towards the *Upper Hungary*; and the Duke of *Lorrain* is very suddenly